



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

by Frederick J. Teggart; Papers of the San Francisco Committee of Vigilance of 1851, I., edited by Porter Garnett.

Volume II. has the following five papers: The Portolá Expedition of 1769-1770, Diary of Vicente Vila, edited by Robert Selden Rose; Papers of the San Francisco Committee of Vigilance of 1851, II., edited by Porter Garnett; Expedition to San Francisco Bay in 1770, Diary of Pedro Fages, edited by Herbert Eugene Bolton; The Portolá Expedition of 1769-1770, Diary of Miguel Costansó, edited by Frederick J. Teggart; Expedition on the Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers in 1817, Diary of Fray Narcisso Duran, edited by Charles Edward Chapman.

The bare list of those titles shows the importance of the publications to the history of California and to the Pacific Coast. The editorial work has been well done, the printing is excellent and there is no doubt that historians of the future years will lean upon these records so admirably preserved. It is hoped that the Academy will continue the work so well begun. There is certainly an abundance of materials needing the attention of experts like those who have given us these two volumes.

EDMOND S. MEANY.

THE VICEROY OF NEW SPAIN. By Donald E. Smith. (Berkeley, University of California Press, 1913. Pp. 192. \$2.00.)

This is the second number in a new series called University of California Publications in History of which Professor H. Morse Stephens is editor. The first number in the new volume was "Colonial Opposition to Imperial Authority during the French and Indian War" by Eugene Irving McCormac.

The present work by an Assistant Professor of History and Geography in the University of California gives every evidence of being a scholarly and valuable addition to the literature that bears on the colonial period of the Pacific Coast. The extensive bibliographical citations reveal the wealth of materials in the Bancroft Collection of the University of California. New publications in this series will be awaited with interest.

OREGON PIONEER ASSOCIATION, Transactions of, for 1892. (Portland, the Association, 1912. Pp. 101.)

Ten years elapsed before this record was published. It is indeed welcome, for collectors of Northwestern History materials have long worried over that gap in the record of that fine organization. And there is a further reason why this pamphlet is welcomed in all libraries and collections: It contains the address by John Fiske given at Astoria during the